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VOL. I.

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NO. 44

THE ELECTION BILL.

It Is Bitterly Assailed in the House.

The Idaho Bill Discussed in the Senate.

Faithful Report of the Proceedings of the National Legislature Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—In the Senate services in commemoration of the late S. S. Cox, were postponed till Tuesday week.

The House bill for the admission of Idaho as a state was taken up.

Mr. Morrill gave notice that he would at the earliest possible moment, take up the tariff bill.

Mr. Teller remarked that the Senate would probably adjourn till Monday, so that the Idaho bill is not likely to be concluded this week.

The Idaho bill was then temporarily laid aside and the agricultural appropriation bill was passed.

The Idaho bill was resumed and Mr. Cullom made a brief speech in favor of it, after which the bill was laid aside.

The House joint resolution continuing the annual appropriation for thirty days after the close of the fiscal year (if the appropriation bill has not then become a law) was passed.

Adjourned.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—In the House, Mr. Dickinson of Kentucky, successor to Mr. Carlisle, was sworn in.

Debate on the Federal election bill was resumed.

Mr. Herbert dwelt on the history of the reconstruction period and said that at that time the negro had been taught to distrust the Southern white men. The negro is now learning that it was not for his interest to array himself against the white man and that the white man was doing everything in his power to teach the negro this lesson. If the South is allowed to work out the problem for itself the time would soon come when the negro, being educated as the white man was, would be able to take care of himself, both as a tax payer and as a citizen.

Mr. Hoak of Tennessee, said his advocacy of the National Education law did not grow out of any supposed emergency or necessity, noting that there were a variety of reasons why that power of the government should not be asserted. Strangers listening to the debate might think that the object of the measure was to arrest the whole Democratic party. What harm would result from an honest election? Had the Democrats from the South practiced dishonest elections so long that it would break their hearts to have to stop them? It was said that the bill would cause race prejudice. The objection was not that the colored man was black, but that he voted the Republican ticket.

Mr. Coleman of Alabama, announced himself a Republican, both from conviction and principle, a Southern man by birth, education and association. He opposed the enactment of the Federal election law at this time. He would support the National election bill if he thought its enactment would secure an honest ballot. But the supposition that the passage of such a measure at this time would have this effect was based on false impressions and ignorance of the true state of affairs in some portions of the South. He did not wish to stimulate any trouble and he was as certain that trouble and bloodshed would follow the enactment of this legislation and that the law would fail in its purpose as he was that he would vote against it in this session. He wanted to see the solid of the South broken and there were signs of disintegration in the Democratic party of the South. Pass the Federal election law and the men now ready to separate from the Democratic party would go back into what they were told was a white man's party rather than risk negro supremacy.

The debate was further continued by Messrs. Burrows and Chipman of Michigan, after which some formal amendments were agreed to.

The debate was interrupted and the joint resolution extending the provisions of the appropriation acts until the pending bills become laws was passed.

Consideration of the election bill was resumed and Mr. Lenback of New Jersey, offered an amendment providing that the chief supervisor of election for every judicial district shall take such action as is requisite to secure strict supervision of each congressional district as is provided by the laws of the United States. If it was desirable to control congressional elections by the national government let it be applied to every district in this country alike.

Mr. Chandler of Indiana, favored the amendment. With one or two exceptions there was not a Republican constituency in the State of Indiana. If he voted for this measure he wanted it applicable to the district which he represented.

Mr. Mills of Texas, spoke briefly against the bill and the House took a recess.

At the evening session several addresses were made for and against the bill and an adjournment was taken until tomorrow.

A LIVELY ROUT.

A One-round Prize Fight Full of Sensation.

PITTSBURGH, June 30.—A prize fight with hard gloves took place near Shouz-town, Pa., between Elmer Grant of Beaver Falls and Fred Wise of New Brighton, today. One round was fought, lasting forty-five seconds, during which Grant knocked Wise down seven times, the last time knocking him insensible. A younger brother of Wise jumped into the ring

and with the back of an ax dealt Grant a terrible blow on the back. The blow was evidently aimed at the head. Young Wise then, with a revolver in his hand, ran away. Grant was not seriously hurt. The referee decided the fight a draw, much to the dissatisfaction of the Grant adherents and there was nearly a riot.

THE TUCSON COURT MARTIAL.
TUCSON, June 30.—The court martial trial of Captain Millmore was concluded today and the findings have been sent to Washington. The case of Paymaster Wham will be taken up tomorrow.

THE MINE JUMPING.
A Hearing in the Harqua Halas Case to Come up Today.

H. E. Hubbard, Douglas Gray, N. E. Barr and John McCassey arrived from Harqua Halas yesterday's train from the South, coming by way of Sentinel Station. They are here to attend to the prosecution of the mining suit against Howe, who jumped one of the Bonanza claims some months ago. The matter comes up today in the shape of a hearing in contempt against Howe and another for working the mine after an injunction had been ordered by the Court. The suit for the recovery of the property, which lies in Yuma county, will be heard at the next session of the District Court in Yuma.

MARICOPA'S CYCLONE.

A MIGHTY WIND RAISES HAVOC ABOUT THE STATION.

Freight Cars Moved, the Maricopa House Badly Shaken Up, and Other Buildings More or Less Injured.

[Special Dispatch to the REPUBLICAN.]
MARICOPA, A. T., June 30.—Maricopa was visited by a heavy rainstorm at about 6 p. m., today.

Following the rainfall closely came a violent wind, which was heard some minutes before reaching here and sounded like thunder.

There were five freight cars on the Maricopa and Phoenix track which were struck by the hurricane and were only stopped from making a run down hill to old Maricopa by the timely action of the yard hands.

The Maricopa House was struck on the east side and all of the porch on that side of the house and part of the building was blown some distance, being lifted fifty feet in the air.

Captain Arrey's house was also damaged, the back portion being carried two hundred yards distant.

Other buildings were damaged and overturned and trees were uprooted.

Geo. H. McInerney was struck by some falling debris and narrowly escaped being seriously injured. The high wind lasted about half an hour.

EASTERN HEAT.

Still Continues and Many Fatal Cases Reported.

CHICAGO, June 30.—The register of vital statistics was busy today registering death certificates, and should the present rate keep up the mortality list will be larger than last week. A majority of the deaths reported today are due directly or indirectly to the heat. The death rate among horses is also growing very large.

Several additional deaths were reported during the evening. About midnight a drenching rain storm of half an hour's duration cooled the atmosphere.

St. Louis, Mo., June 30.—Today the prostrations from heat numbered eight; two fatal.

CINCINNATI, June 30.—A terrific thunder storm with lightning and heavy rain occurred this evening. Two men were killed and several people shocked by lightning. Two people are reported to have been killed while riding along the road in the country.

CINCINNATI, June 30.—Fifteen cases of sunstroke occurred here today. Three fatal.

COGAN'S SHOOTING.

THE CORONER'S INQUEST BEGUN ON THE BODY.

Two Men Who Saw the Shooting Swear That the Victim Was Leaving the Scene When Shot Down.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 30.—The coroner's inquest into the death of Edward Cogan, moulder's apprentice, shot by James W. Kerr on Thursday morning, was held today.

Frank Gallagher, a brass worker, testified that while going to work he saw a man who used to work in the Pacific foundry step out from a side street, when Clausen came in sight. He was joined by others and when they got nearer the Occidental foundry they motioned for others, who also joined them. One man jumped out from the Pacific foundry and hit Clausen over the head. This was a young fellow, Kerr and Clausen ran and the crowd followed them. Cogan was running away when shot down. Kerr had just reached his foundry, pursued by only one man, when he whirled around and fired. Under cross examination witness said Kerr did not go into his foundry before firing. He could not say whether or not Cogan was in the crowd which attacked Kerr and Clausen.

John E. Hopkins, a bartender, testified that Cogan was about eighty feet from Kerr and running away when shot. There was no one within forty feet or more of Kerr when he came out of his foundry, took aim carefully and fired. When Kerr came out Clausen was being chased by a man who was not Cogan, witness said. He turned and ran away with Cogan. Several other witnesses were examined.

SAN FRANCISCO LETTER.

A New Slang Word Has Caught the Town.

An Evil Billy Florence's "Senator" Is to Blame For.

Review of Things Dramatic and Musical—Remodeling of Mr. De Young's Alcazar.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—"Now don't get woozy, young man." The speaker was one who might be typified by Bill Nye as a "gentle gazelle," and "twas on the beach at Sausalito across the bay." "Woosy" has caught the town. "The Senator" is responsible. In that play the ingenue is a word coiner and "woosy" her favorite perpetration. Future lexicographers will have to put "woosy" in their dictionaries, but when it comes to defining the word they will get decidedly "woosy." I wonder if it has yet struck Phoenix. Unless you can say "woosy" with the nonchalance of a denizen of the Hub calling for a plate of beans you are very "woosy."

We haven't any of the real Simon Pure articles of "Johnnie" in San Francisco, but the town can put up a pretty good substitute in the shape of the young fellows who may be seen lounging round the Baldwin stage door about 11 o'clock nights, waiting for the Gaiety girls to come out. They sit in the parquet, way down in front, and after the performance amble round to the rear and wait for their divinities. If fortune favors, and the divinities smile, a little champagne supper follows. Thus doth the publican acquire riches at the hands of the fools.

I met a friend on the street this morning and ventured a query as to the cause of his looking so "woosy." "There were only four of us, my boy, but the bill was for twenty quart bottles of Pommery Sec, and I'll be blowed if I know where it went." The girls of the London Gaiety came to this country with the reputation of being fishers for suckers and so far as this city is concerned, they have managed to live up to it admirably.

Did you see the big, 60-page Sunday Chronicle. I am under the impression that it is the biggest paper ever issued. It was a magnificent stroke of enterprise and must make the Easterners open their eyes to what the West is capable of doing. The growth of the Chronicle, while steady, has been remarkable. But it has been typical of the city which it represents.

HAVING a healthy regard for the law and Chief Crowley, Mitchell, and La Blanche have decided not to fight and thereby keep out of quod. Mitchell has a new saloon and a new wife, and La Blanche has "been there." The California Club has come to the conclusion that the fight had better be declared off for various reasons, principally because the pugilists were afraid to fight and the members were afraid that their attendance would bring them into acquaintance with a police court. It is thought that the club will test the law with a fight between a couple of its salaried "professors." In the mean time public opinion is divided on the question, but outside of the sporting fraternity by far the great majority are very well pleased at the turn which affairs have taken. The reputation which San Francisco has acquired as a sort of prize-fighter's heaven has never been palatable to the people of the city, and the present determined attitude of the police is creating a good deal of satisfaction. Of course, there will be some who will be disgruntled if prize-fighting is stopped in San Francisco, but as a friend of mine would put it, they will be a vast minority.

"Tux Old Homestead" has the call on the favor of theatre-goers just now, and not only on that of the regular habitués, but as has been its fortune in New York it is drawing people to see it who commonly disapprove of the play-house. The piece is a perfect picture of New England country life, having the flavor of new moon hay and breathing the honesty of rugged, simple manhood. It is now in its second week at the California Theatre and the house is crowded to the doors every night. The engagement will be for a month and it will not be half long enough.

"A LONG LANE" is another "country" play, and is in its last week at the Bush-street. It is the work of an author new to fame, Sedley Browne, who also assumes the principal male character, a sort of an American "Chumley." It is very brightly written and quite cleverly constructed. It is well played, but somehow does not seem to catch on and the houses are very light. It is one of M. R. Leavitt's attractions. I detected if his name hoodoos it. Time was when his name meant a good show, but it has been tagged to a number of poor things lately which probably make people suspicious. "A LONG LANE" deserves better luck.

The London Gaiety company in "Faust Up to Date" is playing to fairly large houses at the Baldwin, and seems to be giving abundant pleasure. It has one more week to run after this, when it will be succeeded by Palmer's "Madison Square company."

"THE GONDOLIERS" is in its third week at the Tivoli and the place is filled every night, but not many people go a second time. The first visit satisfies curiosity, and that is about all there is to make people go.

PETER BAKER is at the Alcazar with "Chris and Lena." Next week "Nellie

McHenry" will be the attraction, with "Lady Peggy," and on Monday night Mark Thall, the popular business manager, has a benefit. A large house that night is as sure as death and taxes.

OF LATE San Francisco seems to have had a series of attractions which, one after another, have enjoyed immense popularity. Among the more recent, "Shenandoah" crowded the California for three weeks. When it went away "The Senator" came to the Bush-street and filled that house to overflowing for four weeks. Upon the departure of that attraction, "The Old Homestead," steps in at the California and will go away a fortnight hence with four weeks of success behind it. In a little over a week Palmer's Madison Square company will be at the Baldwin, and remain for five weeks, giving "Aunt Jack," "Jim the Penman," "Captain Syft," and "Saints and Sinners." They will be worth "going miles to see" and will play to all the house can hold. After "The Old Homestead," the California will have "The City Directory," a farce comedy which has been on the coast before and which will come here fresh from an unusual New York success. Stockwell of the Alcazar is due to return Saturday night. His theatre is to be remodelled this summer. I have seen the plans and am of the opinion that patrons of the house will hardly know it when it is reopened. Weather is good. A little cool perhaps, but can't complain.

H. L. MERRITT.

ON THE DIAMOND.

QUIET AND UNINTERESTING EVENTS YESTERDAY.

The Brooklyn League Club Beats the Cincinnati at Their Home, and the Boston Beats the Cleveland.

CINCINNATI, June 30.—The local league club today made many errors and were unable to hit the ball at the proper time. Attendance, 1700. Score: Cincinnati, 9; Brooklyn, 8.

CLEVELAND, June 30.—The Boston League won a game this afternoon by heavy batting. Attendance, 500. Score: Cleveland, 2; Boston, 9.

CLEVELAND, June 30.—The poor fielding of the Giants (Brotherhood) combined with the timely hitting of the Clevelanders gave the home team a victory today. Score: Cleveland, 14; New York, 10.

PITTSBURGH, June 30.—The New York League won today by good batting at the right moment. Attendance, 150. Score: Pittsburgh, 4; New York, 7.

PITTSBURGH, June 30.—In the Brotherhood game the terrific batting of the home team gave them an easy victory. Attendance 2000. Score: Pittsburgh, 19; Boston, 7.

TOLEDO, June 30.—Six innings. Game stopped by rain. Score: Toledo, 9; Athletic, 4.

Columbus, 7; Syracuse, 1.

BUFFALO, June 30.—The Brooklyn Brotherhood defeated the Buffalos in an uninteresting game here this afternoon. Attendance, 1100. Score: Buffalo, 2; Brooklyn, 4.

CHICAGO, June 30.—The Chicago League won today by fine fielding and hard batting. Attendance, 400. Score: Chicago, 9; Philadelphia, 4.

CHICAGO, June 30.—In the Brotherhood game this afternoon Chicago took second place by defeating the Philadelphia in a well played game. Attendance, 1,000. Score: Chicago, 7; Philadelphia, 4.

ON THE TRACK.

Lively Racing at Sheepshead and Washington Park.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, June 30.—First race, Futurity course—Doyotee won; Diablo, second; Worth, third. Time, 1:10 3/5.

Second race, Futurity course—Equity won; Void, second; Lintriguante, third. Time, 1:11 2/5.

Third race, Thistle stakes, three-year-olds, mile and three-sixteenths (two starters)—Ker Clare won; Admiral, second. Time, 2:03 3/5.

Fourth race, mile and a fourth—Cas-sius won; Zephyrus, second; St. Carlo, third. Time, 2:09.

Fifth race, mile and a half, on grass—Paragon won; St. Luke, second; Falcon, third. Time, 2:37 2/5.

Sixth race, mile and an eighth, on grass—Tattler won; Cast Steel, second; Larchmont, third. Time, 2:49.

CHICAGO, June 30.—Washington Park races were largely attended today.

First race, maiden three-year-olds, one mile—Irex won; Pickup, second; Rock, third. Time, 1:43.

Second race, maiden two-year-olds, five furlongs—Hindoo Lane won; Katie, second; G. Silver, third. Time, 1:39 3/4.

Third race, extra maiden two-year-olds, five furlongs—Odrey won; Chimes, second; Vallera, third. Time, 1:43 1/4.

Fourth race, three-year-olds and upwards, one mile and three quarters—Hypocrite won; Ormie, second; John Daly, third. Time, 3:04 3/4.

Fifth race, all ages, one mile—Rimini won; Milldale, second; Fonso, third. Time, 1:42 1/2.

Sixth race, all ages, one mile—Work-mate won; Eight-to-Seven, second; Kollin Hawley, third. Time, 1:43 1/2.

Seventh race, one mile and a quarter—Hamlet won; Heron, second; Brown Duke, third. Time, 2:07 3/4.

The First Vaccinator.

A GREAT FIRE.

Many Horses Die in a Burning Livery Stable.

A Bigamist Wanted in Sacramento, California.

The Health of San Francisco for the Year—More Chinese Caught—Crooked Masonry.

By the Associated Press.]

PORTLAND, Oreg., June 30.—About 1:30 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the building in east Portland occupied by Landon & Morgan as a livery stable and the Willamette Bridge Street Railway company. The building was burned to the ground. Ten horse cars, valued at about seven thousand dollars, were destroyed. The elevated road way leading to the Morrison street bridge was also destroyed and eighteen horses burned to death.

Andrew Buckholz, the night watchman at the stable, is missing and it is thought he has perished in the flames. The fire started from the lamp in the stable. Total loss about \$30,000. Street car insurance, \$10,000.

Too Much Married.

SACRAMENTO, June 30.—The authorities are looking for Wm. Briggs, of Galt, who married Miss Alma Packard on June 18. Briggs, it is alleged, has a wife and baby in Missouri and five days after his marriage with Miss Packard disappeared, fearing exposure.

Fresno's Population.

FRESNO, June 30.—A Conservative estimate gives the population of this county at 32,000. The towns of Selma 1500, Fowler 300, Sanger 400, Madera 700, and Fresno 11,000.

More Chinese Smugglers Captured.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 30.—A Chronicle special from San Diego says that ten more Chinese were captured last night in the neighborhood of the Mexican line at Tia Juana, while endeavoring to reach this city from Lower California. The capture was made by Deputy Customs Collectors Marsh and Goodrich, and the Chinamen were placed in the County Jail here early Sunday morning.

The men were almost without money and one of them is in a precarious condition from sickness supposed to have been caused by hardship and exposure during their wanderings since they were landed by the steamer on Mexican territory.

San Francisco's Crooked City Hall.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 30.—The city hall commissioners held a meeting today to receive the report of Expert Wright upon the condition of the walls which were recently discovered to be stuffed. The report states that six large pieces of the Larkin-street wing, which were condemned, had been taken down and rebuilt. Wright states that about thirty additional openings have been made in the walls of this wing in places pointed out by Hanks, but with the exception of two of them in which a small quantity of loose material was discovered the work was found to be generally good. He considered that the contractors could not have saved \$100 from all the fillings so far found. He did not think that one man could have done the crooked work alone.

San Francisco's Health.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 30.—The mortality report for the year ending today was prepared this afternoon. The number of deaths was 6,378, an increase of 649 over last year. Some of the principal causes of death were: Consumption, 1,042; heart disease, 502; pneumonia, 673; casualties, 192; suicides, 93; homicides, 28; legal execution, 1.

Sheep Herder's Throat Cut.

SUSANVILLE, Cal., June 30.—A sheep herder employed by Abbott & Long was found dead in a cabin at the head of Sun river. Had been dead six months. His throat was cut. Nothing in the house.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

The Action of Prof. Farmer Against the Normal School Management.

In the District Court yesterday, the first thing brought up was the mandamus action of H. B. Farmer against the Directors of the Normal School. Woodward and Chalmers appeared for plaintiff, and General Churchill for the defendants. An extension of one day was granted defendants in which to file answer.

The time for filing the bill of exceptions in the case of Wilson, the negro, under sentence of death for murder, was extended to July 20.

In the divorce suit of Arviso vs. Arviso, judgment was given for plaintiff and divorce granted.

The case of Anderson vs. Fourshee & Baker was then reverted to and a long and tedious session of builders' testimony took up the major portion of the day. The defense closed their direct testimony at about 5 o'clock, and the case was continued until this morning.

A NEW DRY WASHER.

A Machine that Saves Gold Without the Help of Quicksilver.

By train yesterday Capt. D. E. Keating received a small machine that promises to revolutionize the present system of placer mining in this territory. It is a dry-washer of novel construction and is guaranteed to separate from gravel or sand all the free gold that it may contain, without the aid of quicksilver or water. Gravity and centrifugal force do

the work. The concern weighs only 1000 pounds and, with the labor of one horse, is able to handle 100 tons of ore per day, completely extracting the pure gold.

During Captain Keating's last trip to London, in company with a number of other mining men, he saw the operation of one of these machines. Several ounces of gold dust were thrown into the machine with two hundred weight of sand. In sixty-one seconds the sand was gone and a clean-up demonstrated that 99 1/2 per cent. of the precious metal had been saved.

Dozens of the dry washers are in use in South Africa, Australia and India with the most gratifying results. The price complete is but \$1200 in London, but the expense of transportation will nearly double the cost at this point. This is the only one of the kind in the United States. It is an American invention, but the patentee found so little encouragement in this country that he took his plans to London, where they were received with appreciation.

MR. HUNTINGTON'S HANDS.

They Kill Their Guard and Effect Their Escape.

RUSK, Texas, June 30.—The convicts at the coal camp, sixteen miles south of here, assaulted and killed the guard. The squad then visited other camps and liberated three squads. A large force of officers in pursuit and the blood hounds are also in chase. Blood shed will follow as the convicts secured fire-arms from farm houses.

THE HARQUA HALAS.

ENCOURAGING REPORTS FROM VARIOUS PROPERTIES.

New Machinery for the Bonanza Mining Claims—Various Improvements Contemplated at the Camp.

Frank Wells got in yesterday from Harqua Halas and reports all quiet and everyone looking to the Bonanza properties to take the initiative in active work.

Wells has much faith in his own property, the Grand View, which is located but a few hundred feet from the Bonanza properties. He has a main shaft down thirty feet, with a drift of forty feet. He has now about forty tons of ore upon the dump that will average in value \$50 a ton. The ore carries only gold and is free milling. The vein is clearly defined and is about three feet in width.

The Golden Crown, owned by the Quinns, is under active development. Two shafts have been sunk to the depth of fifty feet, all in good paying ore.

The Black Eagle, a carbonate claim, resumes work on July 10. There are now on the dump sixty tons of ore that will go forty per cent lead and \$20 per ton in gold and silver. This will require smelting.

The smaller claim owners and prospectors are anxiously awaiting the pipe line and mill of the Bonanza company. The mill at Harrisburg is about seven miles away and the charges for hauling ore and cost of milling are enough to take all the profit from any but the richest rock. Water is hauled to the mines the same distance and costs, delivered, a dollar a barrel. With a pipe line furnishing water and a stamp mill doing custom work the camp would become one of the liveliest in Arizona.

H. G. Hubbard, of the new firm owning the Bonanza properties, who is now in Phoenix, states that he has six men at work sinking the main shaft, and intends to do considerable development work this summer. If the litigation now affecting one of the properties is satisfactorily settled, extensive improvements will shortly follow. Hoisting works will be put up, a stamp mill established and water brought by means of piping from near Harrisburg, a distance of five miles. The water will be obtained from a well, the level at that point being but twenty-four feet deep and the supply being practically inexhaustible. The water will be pumped over a ridge and will reach the mine with a pressure of 300 feet.

Mr. Hubbard believes firmly in his mine, though he modestly calls it but a good prospect, and gives assurance that no expense will be spared to make it a bonanza in production as well as in name.

BEHAN WILL VACATE.

RECONSIDERING THE CONTENT AND THE GATLING GUN.

Upon Further Deliberation, He Thinks He Was Badly Advised, and Will Retire on Friday Next.

John H. Behan, Superintendent of the Territorial Penitentiary, has decided to vacate the position which he has usurped for some time.

He will turn over the institution to Captain Ingalls on Friday evening next. This will be a sad Fourth of July for Johnny and his associates.

When Behan's case was called in the District Court, yesterday, Mr. Behan and his attorney, Webster Street, went forward to the Judge's desk and in subdued tones addressed His Honor.

Behan expressed his acceptance of the judgment of the Court in the premises, and asked that he might be granted until next Monday to turn over the prison, stating that he needed the time to straighten out his books and accounts and to put things around the institution in proper shape.

Judge Kilby, in reply, said that he would not grant such an extension of time, but would allow him until Friday evening as the time in which to turn over the prison to Captain Ingalls, and would therefore continue the hearing until Saturday morning.

An Editor Wounded.

PARIS, June 30.—M. Fonquier slightly wounded the editor of Le Matin in a duel today.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

A Woman's Department Finally Authorized.

Inspecting Sites Offered for The Exposition.

Property Owners on the Lake Front Ask for a Restraining Order Against the Commission.

By the Associated Press.]

CHICAGO, June 30.—Today's meeting of the National World's Fair Commission was brief.

A committee was appointed to examine the Chicago subscription list.

The committee on permanent organization reported the following: "That the board of lady managers be constituted, consisting of one delegate and alternate from each State, to be recommended by the State commissioners and appointed by the President, to be known as the Woman's Department of the World's Columbia Exposition."